

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. IV.

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1894.

NO. 37

Reduction
Sale
To make
Room for
Spring Stock of
QUEENSWARE.

W.P. Oldham & Co.

Will offer reduced prices on their entire stock of QUEENSWARE through the month of March.

PRICES

will be reduced from March 1st to April 1st, and will include our entire line of plain and decorated Queensware.

OUR STOCK

is the nicest in the city, and the quality the best.

WE ARE NOT

offering inferior goods at cheap prices, but will sell first class goods at from 10 to 25 per cent. less than you can buy them elsewhere.

TAKE ADVANTAGE

of this opportunity and supply your table with nice ware.

ACCEPT

our offerings, be happy and wear diamonds.

Remember
from

March 1st
to
April 1st.

How Much Rain Will Fall?

The Weekly Courier-Journal has struck a popular note in its weather guessing contest. A wonderful amount of interest was taken in its offer of \$1,000 for the closest guesses to the coldest day and temperature during February, at Louisville, and much valuable information was gathered by subscribers on the subject. This contest has just been decided, there being 28 lucky guessers. The Weekly Courier-Journal now makes another offer on the same line. For the closest guesses to the amount of rain that will fall at Louisville during the month of May, the Weekly Courier-Journal will give \$1,000. This money will be divided into 19 presents—one of \$500, two of \$100 each two of \$50 each, four of \$25 each, ten of \$10 each. Each guess must be accompanied by \$1, to pay for one year's subscription to the Weekly Courier-Journal, the best Democratic paper published. The rain-fall is scientifically measured, to the hundredth part of an inch. The heaviest rain-fall in May during the past twenty years was seven inches and forty-six hundredths of an inch. The lightest was one inch even. The measurements are made by the Government officials of the Weather Bureau at Louisville. Sample copies of the paper with full particulars of the contest, will be sent free to any address written at once, as under no circumstances will any guess be received after April 30th. Address Weekly Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky.

35-3t

Death Of John T. Prewitt.

Mr. John T. Prewitt, of Louisville, died at his home, 124 East Broadway, Wednesday. Mr. Prewitt had been at his office in the morning and returned with his wife and child about 12 o'clock and took a dose of chloral, without the aid of which, he had been unable for some time, to procure rest, and lay down on the lounge for a nap. When dinner was called at 1:30 and he did not appear his wife went to wake him and found him beyond aid. He died in a very short time in spite of the medical attention given him.

John T. Prewitt was born and raised in this county where for a number of years, after coming to man's estate he was a prominent business man. He has a wide circle of relatives in this and adjoining counties. The Prewitts have a numerous and wealthy family, and was himself a man who enjoyed in the highest degree the esteem and confidence of those who knew him in either a business or a social way. Some five years since he sold out part of his property here and moved to Louisville where he has been extensively engaged in the real estate and tobacco interests. Mr. Prewitt was about 35 years of age and was twice married. His first wife was Miss Nona Wilson, who left to care a little daughter. Some eight years since he married Miss Elizabeth Reid, of Owingsville, who is the daughter of the late Judge N. P. Reid. The remains were brought to this place Friday afternoon and interred in Machpelah cemetery. From the Courier-Journal we take the following:

"The funeral services over the late John T. Prewitt were held at his residence, 124 East Broadway, at 3 o'clock yesterday. The Rev. E. L. Powell, of the First Christian church, read appropriate Scripture selections and offered prayer. A quartet rendered the familiar hymns, "Rock of Ages Clef! For Me," and "Jesus, Lover of My Soul." The body will be taken to Mt. Sterling for interment, accompanied by a number of friends of the deceased. Of Mr. Prewitt it was observed at the funeral: "It could be said truthfully, he was no man; he defrauded no man; he corrupted no man. In his business relations he was not only just but generous; in social life he was a man to be loved—gentle, courteous and kindly; in his home he was an affectionate husband and an indulgent father. His friends were legion; his enemies, if he had any, were few. He was a man whose outward life was not perfect, but his heart was sound. He was loyal to his friends, ready always to help the needy and generous-hearted in all the relations of life."

"Mr. Prewitt had been a resident of this city about four years. He was a member of the real-estate firm of J. T. Prewitt & Co. A wife and one child survive him. He was thirty-five years of age."

Happy Hoosiers.

William Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for bad feelings arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 40 cents a bottle, at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

A. P. A.

A representative of this order is in the city to organize a local council. This is a secret organization, the merits of which are presumably unknown until after initiation day. We do not believe in secret opposition; it is too much on the order of an anonymous letter. If we have a foe damaging to our country's interest the way to meet it, is in the day light—boldly and manly. There may be a need to use for the A. P. A. but we cannot so understand it now.

If your garden was killed, replant with Landreth seeds, at Julian's.

Confederate Veterans.

In view of the coming re-union at Birmingham, Ala., April 25th and 26th Gen'l. J. B. Gordon, General Commanding, asks that the press of the country give its aid to the patriotic and benevolent objects of the organization by publishing the date of the re-union, etc.

Business of the greatest importance will be transacted at this meeting, looking to the preservation of historic records; the care of disabled and needy veterans who once wore the gray; the care of the graves of the Confederate dead, and other matters of moment.

Let no veteran and no friend of veterans fail to lead his presence at Birmingham.

The Queen & Crescent Route is assisting to make this occasion a successful one by putting in a low rate of One Fare for the Round Trip. This, when linked with the magnificent equipment and train service for which the road is noted, makes it the most desirable line to Birmingham. It is the shortest, the quickest, and has the finest trains from New Orleans, Shreveport, Vicksburg, Jackson and Meridian, and from Cincinnati, Lexington and Chattanooga.

Write to the undersigned or ask agents for full particulars.

W. C. BINEARSON, G. P. A.
Cincinnati, O.

Wedding.

To-morrow at the home of the bride's brother, J. U. Boardman, in Paris, Dr. L. P. McClure, of Plum Creek, will be married to Miss Mary, daughter of Henry Boardman, of Bourbon County. We congratulate Dr. McClure in having won the heart and hand of this, one of the most estimable ladies of Bourbon county, modest, beautiful and accomplished. She is of that type of sweet womanhood that elevates and inspires man. And Dr. McClure is one of our most promising young physicians who has the confidence of the people, studious, industrious, moral and courteous; a man of whom it can be truthfully said: he is a true son.

The protracted service at the Southern Presbyterian Church closed last Wednesday night. Much interest was manifested and there were ten additions, four coming out on the last night. Rev. W. E. Kellar, who conducted the meeting, preached with great power to large congregations. He is well known and greatly admired by all the people in this community, and it is hoped that he will return and take charge of the Presbyterian church at this place. He was pastor here about ten years ago. We understand that the church will give him a unanimous call, and the christian people of this city all hope he will accept.

Prevention is Better.

Than cure, and those who are subject to rheumatism can prevent attacks by keeping the blood pure and free from the acid which causes the disease. You can rely upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for rheumatism and catarrh, also for every form of scrofula and salt rheum, boils and other diseases caused by impure blood. It tones and vitalizes the whole system.

Hood's Pills are easy and gentle in effect.

The K. U. Railroad.

This county voted a subscription for the purposes of building a road to connect with the K. U. at some point in Clark county, and we believe, from a letter which has been received here, if the proper steps are taken that we can get this connection.

Water-Works.

The company closes a trade with Thos. D. Jones for seven and one half acres of land for the reservoir for which they paid \$4,500. The contract for furnishing the pipe has been let to the South Pittsburg Pipe Foundry Co. The pipe laying to M. Merigold, Lima, Ohio, the stand-pipe to the Miami Valley Boiler Works Company, pumps and connections to Stillwell Bries & Smith Valve Company, and location of stand-pipe has been purchased of Mrs. P. McGuire.

Mr. Merigold the pipe layer will be here in a few days, and will arrange to work a large force of hands, it being his intention to have the pipe laying completed with in sixty days after the beginning of work. The Water Company will build the reservoir and that work will begin within the next few days. Mt. Sterling will have on a new dress and work will be pushed and the plant completed by July.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

Sales on our market for the week just closed, amount to 3067 hds., with receipts for the same period, 1421 hds. Sales on our market since January 1st, amount to \$8,056 hds. Sales of the crop of 1893 on our market to this date amount 60,236 hds.

The general quality of the offerings during the week was very poor. Clear red fillers with body were scarce and when they did appear in the offerings, were in demand at increased prices. All other grades of burley conduced throughout the week with but little or no change.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco. (1893 crop.)

Trash. (Dark damaged tobacco)

\$2.50 to \$3.50.

Common color trash, \$4.00 to \$4.50

Medium to good color trash, \$5.00 to \$7.50.

Common lugs, not color, \$4.00 to \$5.00.

Common color lugs, \$6.50 to \$7.50.

Medium to good color lugs, \$7.50 to \$9.00.

Common to medium leaf \$8.00 to \$11.00.

Medium to good leaf, \$11.00 to \$15.00.

Good to fine leaf, \$15 to \$18.

Select wrapper style, \$18 to \$21.50

GLOVER & DURETT.

Bright Spring Days.

The spring should be pre-eminently a season of contentment, happiness and hope. In these bright and pleasant months the country should enjoy its highest degree of tranquility and peace. But spring, it is well known, is often a period of discomfort and disturbance to the physical system. Important organs of the body become torpid and irregular in their action, and the fact is instantly reflected in the mental condition of the individual. A disordered liver means disordered nerves and dull and unsteady brain.

Anything which will bring the physical system into harmony with budding Nature confers an enormous benefit upon the nation, besides the mere allaying of physical discomfort. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this, as thousands of grateful and happy men and women can testify, and increased use of this standard spring medicine is of more real practical importance in promoting health and quiet in the business world than realms of abstract theorizing.

The first book made of ground-wood paper was placed in the Berlin testing office for examination recently. It is said to be in good condition. As it was printed in 1852, nearly half a century ago, the argument that wood paper has no durable qualities appears to be seriously shaken.

FISCAL COURT NOTES.

Regular April term, held April 3, 1894. Ten Justices of the Peace in attendance.

H. Jones appointed committee to make supplemental settlement with J. C. Richardson, Sheriff.

The report of J. G. Winn, County Treasurer, was filed and approved.

The report of M. S. Tyler, Treasurer of sinking fund commissioners of L. & B. S. and E. L. & B. S. railroad, was filed and approved.

The supplemental settlement of J. C. Richardson, Sheriff, was filed and approved. The balance, \$1,071.55, ordered paid to Treasurer, which was done, and receipt filed.

Report of Mt. Sterling National Bank Receiver was filed and approved.

One hundred and thirteen bonds of \$1,000 each, of the issues of January 1st, 1883, were burned in presence of the court.

Joe C. Scott elected Supervisor of County Roads for two years.

J. G. Winn elected County Treasurer until April, 1893, executed bond with W. S. Lloyd, B. J. Peters and A. B. White securities which was approved.

All claims allowed at September term, 1893, and April term, 1894, ordered to be paid by the Treasurer.

The County Levy for 1894, fixed at 5 1/2 cts. per acre, was paid at \$1,000, devolved as follows: County purposes, 20c; E. L. & B. S. railroad, 28 1/2 cts.; L. & B. S. railroad Sc; Court House, 1c, and a poll tax of \$1.50.

Stone & Duggan allowed \$950 balanced in full for services as attorney for county in case of J. H. Walker against Montgomery county.

Tyler & Apperson allowed \$900 in full for services, same case.

W. A. DeHaven allowed \$50 in for services, same case.

Columbia Finance & Trust Company, Trustees, allowed \$7,229.67 in full of amount judgement of J. H. Walker against Montgomery county, subject to lien of Z. T. Young for \$800, for attorney's fee, and Orear & Bigstaff \$50 for attorney's fee.

Six bonds of \$1,000 each, sold to Mt. Sterling National Bank, for \$6,875.50.

H. Jones appointed a committee to claim list published.

Claims to the amount of \$13,783 allowed at this term of Court.

Attest:

W. B. O'CONNELL, D. C.

Circuit Court.

The Montgomery Circuit Court met Monday morning. Judge Cooper delivered charge to grand jury which was to the point concerning every indictable offense known to our laws. Commonwealth's Attorney is also here ready for business. The following named gentlemen compose the juries.

GRAND JURY

Nicholas Hadden, foreman; T. J. Northcutt, L. N. Perry, G. T. Fox, Robert Coons, John B. Lane, B. F. Cox, Peter Kelly, Harvey Ratliff, L. B. Carrington, J. C. B. Gillispie and John D. Stephens.

PETIT JURY

W. H. Holly, J. B. Tipton, John R. Blount, Thomas Douglass, John H. Oldham, Bruce Wilson, James McCormick, Jr., C. W. Gilkey, Geo. Garrison, W. H. Bush, James Elam, M. G. Ferguson, G. H. Prather, E. R. Wilburn, James G. Lane, John Tincher, Thomas McCarty, Reuben May, John F. Barry, W. B. Beaufort, J. W. Henry, G. W. Ficklin, R. F. Mastin, W. T. Fitzpatrick.

The Bowling case for the murder of See Brown is set for to-day.

The case of Commonwealth against William Mitchell, C. M. Grubbs and Mrs. J. M. Bent is set for the third day of the term.

Judge Wm. Beckner is attending court.

100

Cook
Stoves.

WE
WILL FOR THE
Next 30 Days
Commencing APRIL 6th
and ending MAY 5th, put
on sale

100 Cook Stoves

Then I have just bought of a firm that was doing a great deal of business, a car load of stoves left and for the cash down, I bought them so I can sell them at a profit. I am going to give them away to give satisfaction, but every stove is guaranteed to be good for a long time.

Now all I ask is for you to call and if you want a stove in the next year I will show you that now is your time to buy.

Every stove will be sold ONLY FOR THE CASH.

We give no presents with stoves at these prices.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

Wall Paper,
Matting, and
Carpets.

Call and we will show you through.

Respectfully,

ENOCH'S
Bargain
House.

Mt. Sterling, Ky.

CASH PAID
FOR
OLD
LIFE
INSURANCE
POLICIES.

ADDRESS,
CHAS. M. GRUBBS,
S. E. Cor. Fifth and Main Streets
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Plymouth Rock
Eggs, 75 cents for setting of 15.
J. T. HENRY,
34-13t
Grassy Lick, Ky.

If you want the best garden seed sold, buy Hendersons, sold only at W. S. Lloyd's drug store.

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

John G. & Robt. H. Winn.

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

14 Court Place, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

THE ADVOCATE.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Coffee boiled longer than one minute is coffee spoiled.

To polish jewelry use a paste of powdered chalk and spirits of wine.

Warm dishes for the table by immersing them in hot water, not by standing them on a hot stove.

Mix stove blacking with spirits of turpentine. It will take off the rust, polish easier, and stay glossier longer than when water is used.

When you are hurried and a postage stamp will not stick, moisten it and rub it on the flap of an envelope and then quickly put it in its place.

A small teaspoonful of powdered borax added to a bowl of cold starch will give more stiffness to linen than any of the numerous things you have tried.

To polish brass kettles that are very much tarnished, first rub with a solution of oxalic acid, then dry and polish with rotten stone or the finest emery.

To clean marble boil four ounces of soft soap with four of powdered whiting and one of soda. Apply hot, and let remain on the marble for a day or two.

Add a tablespoonful of borax to a pan of hot soups; put your table silver in it and let it stand two hours; rinse it with clear water and polish with a soft cloth or chamois.

There is a false economy which costs more than it returns, such as saving old medicine bottles, partially-used prescriptions, the tacks taken from the carpet, or working days to save or make that which can be bought for a few cents.

A new method of cleaning clothes is suggested. Dip the clothes brush in the yolk of an egg, so that the bristles are quite wet. Allow it to dry and then use. This treatment has, it is said, the effect to make the brushing especially effective.

To keep tins in a state of dazzling brilliancy wash them inside and out with hot water and soda. Dry them and rub the outside with a paste made of whiting and water. When this has dried, rub it off with a soft cloth and polish with leather and dry whiting.

To clean silver, first wash to remove all the grease from the silver, then rub with a woollen cloth wet with ammonia and whiting, and polish on the chased and flagree parts with a tooth brush. This whiting is wet with ammonia and made into cakes or boxes, and agents are anxious selling it for fifty cents a box, but the probability is, cost them ten cents. It is nice to clean glass windows and kinds of glassware.

Common cooking soda is the "bicarbonate of soda" of the druggist and chemist. The soda and the carbonic acid easily set at liberty from it are antiseptic, disinfectant and anesthetic, and on these accounts useful. Though we are unable to fully explain why this substance should be so remarkably effective in revelling pain and promoting the recovery from burns the fact remains. Directions: (1) If the burning or scalding is not severe, apply a dry soda covering over all the injured parts and keep it on. The layer may be as thick as heavy pasteboard or thicker. If a blister does not form the relief from pain will be almost if not quite complete, and after a short time no further inconvenience will feel on removing the application. (2) For deeper burns, when the skin comes off, and the formation of matter (pus) follows, apply the cloth and solution in the same way, and keeping them constantly moist with the solution. But as often as any matter accumulates underneath, remove the cloths very carefully, so as not to disturb any new-forming flesh, and carefully wash off the matter with the soda liquid, so that it may not be absorbed into the blood, then immediately apply fresh, clean cloths previously dipped in the soda solution, and continue the moistening with it.

Submarine masonry is now made impervious to water by coating it with coal tar, a process that is quite efficacious, even at a depth of fifty feet.

Kossuth's Unquenchable Hatred of Austria.

The man who once boasted that he had the fortunes of the house of Hapsburg in the hollow of his hand is no more. Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, after lingering long upon the stage from which all of his companions had departed, is at last at rest. His life has been one of turmoil, hard work and severe privation and disappointed ambition. Unshaken in his devotion to his native land, he was the most impractical of her patriotic sons. Francis Deak was as much his superior in statesmanlike qualities as Kossuth was in those talents which challenge the admiration of men of letters. When the Empire of Austria agreed to grant Hungary self-government Deak was quick to close the bargain. Kossuth, on the other hand, disassociated and grumbled, lost much sympathy by uselessly opposing the concession.

Kossuth dreamed of an absolutely independent Hungary, nay of a subjugated Austria. He hated the Hapsburgs with an undying and unquenchable hatred and to the last refused to be reconciled.

Twice in his life he thought the prize of which he dreamed even in his childhood days was within his grasp. The first time was when a wave of revolution was sweeping over Europe. In 1848 came the French revolution, which was followed by the downfall of Metternich on March 13 of that year. Kossuth, who was then visiting Vienna for the purpose of delivering an address of the Diet, was received with great popular acclamation. In conjunction with Baththyán he was instructed by Ferdinand with the formation of an Independent Hungarian Ministry, and to himself was given the Department of Finance. The new National assembly met at Pesth in July, but the Vienna Cabinet was already intriguing against the reforms to which it had reluctantly consented.

The consequence was that Croatia and Slavonia proclaimed themselves independent if Hungary and Galicia crossed the Drava in support of the separation. Kossuth then began the re-organization of the national finances and militia, and in July the Diet met and voted levies and means of defence which the Emperor refused to sanction. Soon the Vienna government, abandoning concealment of its purposes, dispatched Count Lamberg to disperse the Diet by force, and thereupon a committee of defense was formed under the presidency of Kossuth and the revolution began.

On September 29 Jellachich was defeated at Pakozs, near Buds, and retreated to Vienna. The city rose in revolt on October 6. Now was Kossuth's opportunity, if he chance he had foreseen for. On October 24 he joined the Hungarian army near Pavendorf. He heard the roar of the Vienna cannon and his heart beat higher. The Hungarian forces crossed the Austrian frontier on the following day, and on October 28 pitched their tents within a few miles of Vienna. But the revolution was then over and Hungary was left to fight the battle alone, under the military command of Georgey. Two days later Georgey surrendered to the Russians and all was over with Kossuth, who sought refuge in Turkey.

The second time when he thought victory was his was in 1859, when Napoleon and Victor Emmanuel were making preparations for a war against Austria. He was bitterly disappointed at the failure of his plans, which was brought about by the peace of Villafranca. The arrangement with Austria, which, under the lead of Deak, was carried through in 1866, he strongly opposed. He might on several occasions have been elected to the Diet of Pesth, but he chose to remain in voluntary exile—nothing but the complete independence of his country. He hated the Austrians. This hatred was ingrained. It was in his blood. He inherited it from his ancestors. His father, Andreas Kossuth, a lawyer, who possessed some acres of land, was poor, but of noble lineage, descended from an ancient Croat family. Seventeen members of this family from 1527 to 1715, were prosecuted for high treason by the Austrian government, and what wonder, therefore,

that Louis Kossuth should have no love for the Austrians. He, too, suffered imprisonment for their hands.

He was born on April 27, 1802, at Monok, in the county of Zemplin, Hungary. His mother, Caroline Weber, was one of the most intelligent Protestant instructors. He studied at the Calvinist College of Schavaspatz, and, adopting the profession of an advocate, practised law for eight years in Zips and in Pesth, where the royal courts held their sessions, filling at one time the office of Honorary or Government Attorney for the county of Zemplin.

In the later years of his life, though still beloved by his countrymen, he was not their early idol. The chivalrous, dashing, daring Magyars wanted a leader like the fiery Prince Rupert, the white plumed knight of Novara, the gallant Sarfield, Earl of Lucas, or the magnetic Napoleon, and they rated to see their hero shin himself in a foreign land and occupying himself only with vain regrets. But still they loved him and beyond question. They could not forget his early sacrifices and his great services. Turin, where he lived and died, has been for many a year the Mecca of the grateful Hungarians. The long weary journey of 700 miles was nothing to these devoted admirers of the exile, who went on one occasion one thousand strong to pay him their homage. Even the women braved the discomforts of such a journey to pay a tribute of respect to one of the most distinguished of their race.—N. Y. Herald.

According to the State Board of Health of Michigan, the statistics of sickness have demonstrated the law that generally influenza (la grippe) is quantitatively related to the atmospheric ozone—the more ozone, the more influenza; and the law that remittent fever is inversely related—the more ozone, the less remittent fever.

Over 90,000 seals were captured and over 50,000 were destroyed by poachers on Behring Sea last season.

The Grief of William.

"Here is a boy named William named after William the Conqueror. He is half-past thirteen years old, and has freckles on his face ever since his first birthday. It is Saturday afternoon, and he is on his way to the grave."

"What has he in his hand?"

"A bouquet of flowers for his sister's grave."

"Did he lose a sister?"

"He did. She was a sweet little thing aged 8 years."

"And he loved her?"

"Off and on, same as all boys do. He isn't going to visit her because he loved her."

"Then why?"

"Because he caused her death by pushing her off the steps, and he is going up there to cry and leave the bouquet to ease his conscience."

"Isn't that deceptively?"

"Yes, but we all do it. Lots of husbands have broken their wives' hearts and sent them to their graves and then made everything O.K. by putting up a \$500 home with a spreading angel on top."—Detroit Free Press.

35 Complete Novels

Nearly bound, and a year's subscription to a large 16-page illustrated monthly magazine for only 30 cents. This is a most liberal offer as Household Topics, the offer referred to, is a high-class paper, replete with stories of love, adventure, travel, and short interesting and instructive sketches of fact and fancy; and in the list of 35 novels are such treasures as, "A Brave Coward," by Robert Louis Stevenson; "A Blacksmith's Daughter," by E. W. Pierce; "Ninetta," a most pleasing story by M. T. Calder; "A Gilded Sin" and "Between Two Sins," by the author of "Dora Throne"; "The Truth of It," by the popular writer, Hugh Conway; and the "Morroe-house Tragedy," rather sensational, by Mrs. Jane C. Austin; "Heroine," a delightful story by Mrs. Rebecca H. Davis; "Wall Flowers," by the popular Marion Harland, and the great story "Guilty or Not Guilty," by Amanda M. Douglass. Space forbids mentioning the other novels; but they are all the same high grade, popular, bright, romantic, spicy, interesting stories.

The 35 novels and the current issue of Household Topics will be sent you the day your order is received. This will supply you with a season's reading in a more serious and well-arranged manner, and will be appreciated by all in the household.

Send 30 cents to Household Topics Publishing Co., P. O. Box 1159, New York City, N. Y.

36-12.

A Lost People.

A lady whose home is in the south of France writes of a visit she made recently to an island on the coast of Brittany. "Those of you who have read the story of King Arthur and his knights will remember that they started out over the sea in pursuit of the dragon. In this—the Morbihan Sea—is a little island which can be reached from the mainland only when the water is smooth. The sole inhabitant is a Breton shepherd, who lives in a little hut and spends his time in caring for his sheep. The party landed and were met by the kind-faced old man, who led them over the grassy slope where his flock was feeding and showed them the way around a hill on the east side of which they found an entrance to a tunnel.

This extended some distance, and its floor, sides and roof were made of immense flat pieces of stone covered with hieroglyphics and figures, "looking somewhat like wreaths, and again like coiled serpents." At the end of this tunnel was a hall, also dowered, roofed and walled with the same curious stones, and in the center was an altar and a stone upon which it is thought human sacrifices have been offered. The strangest part of all is that no stones or rocks like those used in this tunnel can be found on the island, and at no place nearer than 100 miles inland. Who brought them? How did they come? There is no record left—at least none has been found—to tell who these people were, or anything about them.

They must have lived many centuries ago, but have vanished entirely, as their work is perfect apparently as when first built.

It is thought that they may have been Druids, who came here when they left Great Britain; others, again, think that they were worshippers of the serpent god, called Hoo. But it is a conjecture. All we know is that the stones are here, strangely carved, skillfully put together, but of their builders, there is no trace.—Ex.

Low-Rate California Excursions

Every Thursday evening a personally conducted low-rate tourist excursion to California leaves Cincinnati via the Queen and Crescent Route to New Orleans, and Southern Pacific Railway New Orleans to San Francisco. Tourist Sleeping Cars on these excursions run through from Cincinnati to San Francisco without change. This is the only through car line from Cincinnati to California.

Ticket rate from Cincinnati, \$51.50, Berth in sleeping car only \$4.00.

Ask agents for further information, or address W. P. Cooley, D. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio; C. A. Baird, T. P. A., Detroit, Mich., or Chas. W. Zell, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

W. C. RINEHORN, G. P. A.

Cincinnati, O.

For the Intelligent Voter the Coming Year Will Be Fought with More Interest than a Campaign. What is Done This Winter the Fate of Parties and the History of Government Will Be Determined.

The most valuable paper that comes to this office is the New York World. Fearless and independent, working at all times for the best interests of the people, and never for the selfish ends of any ring or individual, supporting the right and condemning the wrong wherever found, it becomes a great power for good throughout the land. Its policy is defined by its well-known motto: "Equal rights to all, Special favors to none." The reputation of the Weekly World as an incomparable newspaper is fully established. It reaches for the very best and greatest news of the entire country, and gets it. The celebrated "Tariff Mule" articles are again running in their weekly and are creating widespread attention. Its miscellaneous pages are replete with articles of valuable and interesting information to every one. It is a large 12-page, 8 column paper for only \$1.00 a year.

We have succeeded in making special arrangements by which we can furnish THE ADVOCATE and the Weekly World one year both for only \$1.50. Address

THE ADVOCATE,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

"Six days shalt thou labor," says the great lawgiver. To do good work man must be at his best. This condition is attained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It overcomes that tired feeling, quickens the appetite, improves digestion, and makes the weak strong.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Fletcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulence. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach, and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Onson,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am aware. I hope the day will not distant when mothers will cease to buy it instead of their ordinary prescriptions. Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying our beloved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, cocaine, chloroform and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Boston, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ASHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their comparative practice of Castoria. In addition we have a large amount of medical supplies which is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,
The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

GRUBBS & HAZELRIGG,

First-Class
Dry
Goods
Store.Fine
Dress
Goods.
Fashionable
Trimmings.
First
Grade
Domestics.

Carpets, Matting, Oilcloths, Rugs, Etc.,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Come to Our House for Full Stock in Every Line.

WEST MAIN STREET, MT. STERLING, KY.

LADIES, GENTS AND ALL BUYERS

PLEASE CALL and SEE US.

WE ARE ANXIOUS TO SHOW OUR

New Ginghams,
Hamburg's,
Laces,
White Goods,
Dimities,
Irish Lawns,
Linens, etc.

We will offer you the best Tobacco Cotton, Bleached Brown Cotton, Sheetings, and Cotton Crashes to be had for THE MONEY.

A good Check Cotton Crash for 5c. a yard. Call and see us.

SAMULES & KING.

Enterprise Hotel.

JOHN SEARCY, Prop.

235 East Market St., Louisville, Ky.

BEST \$1.00 PER DAY HOTEL IN THE CITY OR STATE.

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1894.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Congress.

We are authorized to announce Hon. Marion L. Clark, of Clark county, as a candidate for Congress from the Tenth District, to succeed himself, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Hon. Jo M. Kendall, of Floyd county as candidate for Congress from the Tenth District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Matt C. Clay as a candidate for Constable of Mt. Sterling Magisterial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The industrial feature of the past week, according to Bradstreet's, is found in thirty-one strikes throughout the country, involving 40,000 employees.

Representative Springer, of Illinois, proposes a new rule to secure a quorum in the National House and prevent filibustering. It provides that the names of those present and not voting shall be entered on the journal as voting in the negative, and if these, with those voting, are a majority of all the members, a quorum shall be deemed as constituted.

Increase in business is reported by the Dus and Bradstreet's commercial agencies for the past week at several centers, but at numerous points unfavorable weather checked the demand in dry goods and kindred lines. A good sign is the fact that in March there were but 1,005 failures, while in January there were 2,900, and in February 1,202.

In the Fayette Circuit Court, two indictments have been returned against C. C. Moore, editor of the Blade, one for blasphemy and the other nuisance. The witness in each indictment is Rev. E. L. Southgate, of Lexington, formerly pastor of the M. E. church of this city. It is likely Mr. Moore will refuse to give the bond required, preferring to go to jail.

Judge Jenkins died from the position taken in his recent ruling, denying the right of the employees of the Northern Pacific railroad to combair and conspire quit work, with or without notice, for the purpose of crippling the operation of the road. In deciding Friday the motion of the representatives of organized labor for a modification of his previous order, Judge Jenkins declined to modify except by striking out a clause which might provoke his meaing.

The plan of the Republicans, fight against the Tariff Bill in the Senate, was manifested Friday when active filibustering for the purpose of delay was commenced. On a motion to adjourn until Monday Senators Hill, Murphy and Irby voted in the affirmative with the republicans and Brice was paired in favor of the motion. The motion was defeated. Dilatory tactics were then commenced, and the proceedings were suggestive of the long-contested filibuster during the extra session last fall.

As a scheme for unloading the unemployed of the West upon the States farther east, the "industrial army" movement is proving a success. Another army, 1,000 strong, is moving eastward over the Southern Pacific from California, packed in box cars. At Oakland the army at first refused to embark in box cars, demanding that the blotted corporation furnish passenger coaches, but the police and citizens drove the crowd out of town. The Frye detachment was also driven out of the East St. Louis Friday, after the refusal of the men to go to work.

Organized labor has found many difficulties placed in its way by the decisions of Federal courts, but it has at last found a friend in Judge Caldwell, of the United States Circuit Court at Omaha. Judge Caldwell's decision on the Union Pacific wage schedule contest is a complete victory for the employees of the road. He holds that "organized labor is organized capital; it is capital consisting of brains and muscle;" and that an agreement to which it is a party is valid. The Union Pacific receives no training from modifying the great wage schedule. Judge Caldwell's opinion is in direct opposition to what is usually given by Judge Jenkins in the Northern Pacific wage case.



WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

DEAR ADVOCATE:

As it has been some time since Thin Space wrote you this week he will endeavor to say something. Your correspondent has felt a little worried about the way things have been going on in Congress for some time, therefore has refrained from saying much for fear of saying too much. But I am now convinced that this Congress will be one ever blessed in the minds and hearts of our countrymen, both rich and poor, and especially the poor working man, who toils daily for his bread. When the Wilson Bill is finally disposed of, and it is truly hoped that time is near, the wage earners of this country will be so benefited that the Democratic party will for ever be praised for its passage.

The tariff bill is now under consideration in the Senate, and even with a few changes that have been made, it is still a Democratic measure and will, according to my prophecy, remain on the Statute Book, until removed by the Democrats for a better one. Take the bill in its entirety, with all its defects, and it is a long step toward tariff reform, and as matter of course will be followed by a better measure. The Republicans say the Wilson tariff is a protective tariff. If so, why do they kick and want to defeat it? Why don't they endorse it? I will leave this for some of our Republican friends to think over.

Then to this Congress belongs the thanks of American people, in the repeal of the Force Bill, a bill calculated to defeat the objects of our Government, a Government of free people.

The President vetoed the Bland Bill, because he could not understand it, and for other reasons.

There is now another bill before Congress for the free coining of silver, and for other purposes.

Since Senator Hill has turned protectionist, how would it do to run him on a free trade platform? But now, he will have to change his motto, I am a Democrat," to that of "I am a Protectionist," but the loss of such Democrats to the party will not hurt the cause. The good work of decreasing the burdens of the working man should be continued, and will be continued.

A Public Printer has at last been appointed, and the man to get the place is Mr. Benedict, Mr. Cleveland's former printer. Mr. Benedict made a good official before and it is naturally presumed that he will make a good one this time. The printers, I mean the Democratic printers, will now have a chance to get a piece of pie, and the Republicans a loaf. It is thought that Mr. Benedict will make a good many changes in the office, and if he does there will be room for several more Democrats. In looking around and observing the different members of the House and noting the presence and absence of members I find, and with pleasure, that Kentucky is not represented by that class of politicians that resort to filibustering and absent themselves from the floor when they are opposed to a certain measure, but stay and answer to their names at roll-call. Of course Kentucky is not the only State represented by such men, but as Kentucky is my State, it is nothing but natural that one should note the facts pertaining to his State, therefore I see the grand old Commonwealth is not represented by boddle politicians, but by honest men. Men who are honest

and fearless, and who stand for what is right.

In speaking of the Kentucky members from observation, and of the House as a whole, I am impelled to say that Hon. M. C. Lisle, that of all the new members, he is classed as among the best versed in the House. He is a member of, now, one of the most important House Committees, and also a member of one other committee. The Tenth Kentucky District should well feel proud of her representative, and next November should send him back to Congress with an overwhelming majority. I will say in conclusion that in 1896, I would like to see Vice-President Stevenson, President, and Mr. Secretary Carlisle, presiding over the Senate—Stevenson and Carlisle—how does that sound anyway? It will be a winning ticket, is the opinion of

A THIN SPACE.

The testimony in the Breckinridge-Pollard case was concluded Friday. Nothing of importance developed in the later testimony, both the plaintiff and the defendant reappearing briefly for a little more dramatic assertion and emphatic denial. The trial has been in progress over four weeks. Argument to the jury began yesterday. There will be two speeches on each side, and the case will probably go to the jury by Wednesday night. The report that Col. Breckinridge would address the jury is denied.

Senator Peffer attempted to explain Friday why he opposes the Tariff Bill. He favors protection, but thinks the bill discriminates against the farmers.

Suicide.

On last Saturday afternoon at Green Garrett's near Bowen, Powell County, Newton Garrett his brother, aged twenty years committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Young Garrett was sober and peaceable and the cause of this rash act is unknown. He left a note but its contents are unknown. He was a salesman in the general merchandise store of Garrett Bros.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should not be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do in ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

HOW IT IS DONE

Why It Caught Them—For Every Dollar Spent You Get Two Dollars Worth.

The Eastern market is just such a condition that money talks big. I had been advised of this fact and went to New York with the money to buy goods, and have just returned with the largest, best and cheapest line of goods I have ever had the pleasure to offer to the people. New clothing direct from the factory, also, Pawa Brothers' Goods; they are of the very latest styles and best makes, and we are selling them at 50 cents on the dollar. Shoes such low prices never before heard of, stacks of them. Hats, beautiful, think of it, worth three times what we ask for them. Furnishing goods—A large importation, at prices that make them go. Come and get some of our bargains.

J. GORDON,
New York Pawn Brokers' Store.

If your garden was killed, replant with Landreth's seeds at Julian's.

Garden Seeds, Landreth's Seeds. They are known here to be the best and we have every variety used here. Get your garden seeds from A. Baum & Son.

For Rent.

175 Acres of grass land. Apply to 37-21 MRS. J. L. GATEWOOD.

The remains of Mr. James Harvey Jones were brought from his late home, near Platte City, Mo., to Mt. Sterling, on Sunday morning, and given sepulture in the county of his birth and home of his youth and earliest manhood. Many friends came tender to the wife and son their heartfelt sympathy in their sad home coming, and to unite with them in the last sorrowful rites in giving back to mother earth the form of their loved one. James Harvey Jones was brave, generous, open hearted and open handed to a fault. His comrades, among the surviving ex-Confederates, remember how he bore himself in camp and in battle. It was by the hands of these same comrades that his body was borne to its last resting place, just as he would have wished, could be held in the earth in the grave.

Mr. Jones was 57 years of age at the time of his death. He married Miss Fannie Ragan, daughter of the late Wm. Ragan of this county, and to whom was born a daughter, who died in infancy and a son who is grown to manhood and who married a daughter of Marion Oldham, formerly of this county, now living in Missouri.

The trouble that led to Mr. Jones' death originated over a note that had been endorsed by Mr. Jones for a son of Marion Oldham and a partner of his (Oldham's) and about which Mr. Jones thought he had reason to believe there was some crookedness. On the day of his death, Mr. Jones had been to the county seat to procure an indictment against the parties.

On Thursday afternoon (April 5) he had come home with his wife from the county seat, and walked out on his place where his hands were at work. Seeing the Oldhams—father and son—in the next field he walked over to them. What followed, no one knows, but the two Oldhams, since the talk was not loud enough to be heard by neighbors working in a field on one side or by Zollie Jones who was working in a field on the other side. Although the parties were in sight, no one seems to have seen the immediate beginning of the shooting. Young Oldham was shot in the arm by Mr. Jones. Mr. Jones himself was shot four times, by the older Oldham, dying in a few minutes. It is a fact worthy of mention that up to the hour of the difficulty there had not been an angry word between Jones and the Oldhams. Mr. Jones seemingly blamed young Oldham's partner for the trouble over the note. It is one of those deplorable family tragedies that come up now and then, and cannot be satisfactorily accounted for. Mr. Jones was a brother of Mr. Henry L. Jones of this county, and was connected with some of the best families in the county. Mr. Oldham is also a native of this county, and is related to many of our very best people.

Hugopiloquous.

This is a dead word, and is omitted in the modern dictionary. It means saying a great deal about nothing, and that is what some of our competitors are doing.

It Does Not
take much space to tell the people that we sell the highest grade of canned goods at prices that make the cheapest food obtainable.

CHILES-THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

Dress Making.

I am prepared to do sewing—either plain or fine dress-making. Any one wishing work in this line can entrust it to the undersigned with the full assurance of having it done in a first-class manner.

Rooms at J. W. Burrough's East Main street, corner of Queen.

27-tf MRS. A. M. DALLAS.

If your garden was killed, replant with Landreth's seeds at Julian's.

Garden Seeds, Landreth's Seeds. They are known here to be the best and we have every variety used here. Get your garden seeds from A. Baum & Son.

For Rent.

175 Acres of grass land. Apply to 37-21 MRS. J. L. GATEWOOD.

Louisville Dry Goods!

E. B. NUGENT

804, 806 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky..

Invites the ladies of Kentucky to an early inspection of his

NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Silks.

Novelty Silks.

Dress Goods.

Black Goods.

Wash Goods.

New Organzies.

Stylish Capes.

Fashionable Wraps.

New Lace Curtains.

Laces and Embroideries.

Best Kid Gloves.

Glove Fitting Corsets.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

Table Linens, Napkins, Towels.

Notions and Fancy Goods.

We Make Dresses to Order. Sample mailed.

Butterick's Metropolitan Paper Fashions For Sale.

Our Delineator of Fashions, monthly,

\$1 a Year.

Orders From Ladies in All Parts of Kentucky Are Solicited.

COMPLETE

Is Our Spring and Summer Stock of
DRY GOODS.

We Have All the Newest Goods in the Newest Weaves.

SILKS are the thing, and we have them in all the new designs, from \$28 for Wash Silks to Moire Antique at \$4.00 per yard.

Plain and Novelty Dress Goods.

Black and Mourning Goods a Specialty.

Hosiery, Corsets, and Underwear.

DOMESTICS—All the popular brands of Cotton at surprisingly low prices.

DRESS MAKING DEPARTMENT in charge of MISS CURRY, who has just returned from New York, and is prepared to make the most stylish Spring Suits.

CHINN & TODD,

10 and 12 N. Upper St., LEXINGTON, KY.

CASH PAID
FOR OLD SOLID GOLD OR SOLID SILVER
AT ITS VALUE, TO MELT UP.

Our Illustrated Price Catalogue of Watches, Rings, Jewelry, Silver

Ware, Gold Pens, Chains, Charms, &c., sent to any address.

580
W. MARKET STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
C. P. BARNES & BRO.
JEWELERS.
This firm is reliable.—Publishers Advocate.

CHAS. REIS,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Saddles, Harness and Plow Gear,
MT. STERLING, - - - KENTUCKY.

We are not disposed to be overly loud or pretentious, still we feel justified in saying that we carry as large and well selected stock of hand-made work as any other similar house in this section, and at LOWEST PRICES.



LIFE FIRE

Hoffman's Insurance Agency.

ACCIDENT TORNADO.

Mr. Winchester Rees, aged 84, former proprietor of the Rees House, in Winchester, died in that city Wednesday night.

The three train robbers, who murdered Conductor McNally at Oliphant, Ark., November 3 last, were hanged at Newport, Ark., Friday morning.

To-night and to-morrow night Dr. Bowling will lecture at Grassy Jack, and those who do not hear him will miss a treat.

John F. Combs, of Rothwell, and J. N. Combs, of Bowen, Ky., have returned from New York, where they make large purchases for their stores.

C. C. Shubert, formerly of this county, writes us that he is highly pleased with his new home at Altona, Mo. The freeze there has done great damage to the wheat, oats and fruit crops.

Bon King, the Michigan Poet, who was here on the evening of March 31st, with Opie Reed died in his bed room at Owensboro last Friday night. Heart trouble is supposed to have been the cause.

Twelve years ago Huntington, W. Va., was a town of 3,000. Her numerous factories now give employment to over 4,000 mechanics and the population of the city has increased to nearly 30,000. The factories built up the town.

The confidence that people have in Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood medicine is the legitimate and natural growth of many years. It has been handed down from parent to child, and is the favorite family medicine in thousands of households.

Monday, at Owingsville, while in a fight, W. D. Adeley cut Mark Cline twice in the side and once in the heart, killing him instantly. Both were drinking and the killing was the outcome of an old trouble.

W. T. Stokely, of Plum Lick, has rented the William Blount farm in Nicholas county, of 100 acres, and his Postoffice is Myers, Nicholas county. Mr. Stokely was in the city on business Monday. Mr. Stokely will return to this county in the fall.

The Chiles, Thompson Grocery Company are adding an improvement to their building, by extending it 25 feet. They need both office room and more store room, in order to store the increased stock which their growing business demands.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stofer have concluded, after more than a year's stay in town, to return again to the country. Mr. Stofer has rented out his farm for the present year, but is so little used to "leasing" and he is so restless in not having his accustomed employment to occupy his attention, that he will go to his son's, Albert Stofer's, and aid him in the conduct of his farming operations. Mr. and Mrs. Stofer will go to Albert's to-morrow where they will make their home for the balance of the year.

The young orators, Swango and Hardin, delivered their prize orations, to a select audience at the Court House last night, surpassing the expectations of their friends. From 10:30 to 12 o'clock they were elegantly entertained at the home of Mr. N. H. Trimble, which was artistically decorated with tropical planted flowers and plants. It was a pleasant time for the many who were present.

The Growth of Cities.

All American cities grow towards their suburbs, while their early centres of population are devoted almost exclusively to business purposes. The old part of New York City has not so many people as it had forty years ago. The substitution of electricity for horsepower in propelling street cars has enormously increased this suburban tendency, and is destined to do so a greater extent than now. It will be many years before villages 10 or 15 miles distant from all large cities will be connected with them by electric cars. This is being done in New England to a greater extent than elsewhere. It is one of the advantages of the great water power that possesses that it will have cheap transportation by electric power in places where these advantages are not enjoyed.

PERSONAL MENTION.

T. P. Martin was in Owingsville yesterday on business.

W. R. Nunally, wife and son, are spending this week in Louisville.

Judge L. G. Wills, of Saginaw, was in the city Monday on business.

W. P. Oldham left Thursday for Midway to spend a few days with his sister.

Mr. Ollie Snyder, a lawyer of Toledo, Ohio, is visiting his sister, Mrs. A. J. Arick.

Mrs. Bettie Thompson visited her sister, Mrs. Jennie Cloud, in Lexington, last week.

Mrs. Wynona Moore, Bath county, is the guest of Miss Stella Ogg on Harrison avenue.

R. A. Thomson, student of Georgetown College was at home from Saturday until Monday.

John Miller, Dame who has been in Chicago for some weeks back, came home Saturday night.

Mrs. J. M. Isola, Mt. Sterling, visited Mrs. S. Dunclo Wednesday—Winchester Democrat.

Mr. Allie Young, one out most promising attorneys was in Greenville on legal business last week.

Mrs. Anna Lisle, of this city, will leave to-day for Clay City to attend the Maple and Earnest wedding.

Mrs. Mattie Bridgeforth returned

Thursday from a pleasant stay of two weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Warren Stoner, in Bourbon county.

Miss Llewellyn Cloud, of Lexington spent Thursday evening and night with her cousin, Miss Margaret Thompson, on Holstein Avenue.

Miss Rose Hudson and Miss Lizzie Donnelly two charming young ladies of St. Albans, W. Va., are expected here today, to visit Mrs. Ed. Hudson and Mrs. G. L. Kirkpatrick.

Spencer Cooper, of the Hazel Green Herald, was in the city a couple of days the past week looking after the chance for extending the Ky. & S. A. R. R. through his town and section.

Miss Mattie Bridgeforth returned to Mt. Sterling yesterday after a pleasant visit to Mrs. Warren Stoner. Miss Bridgeforth is a lovely and popular young lady and made many friends during her stay in Paria—Bourbon News.

Mrs. Judge B. J. Peters, was very sorry to say, is in no wise improved. She has now been confined to her bed for several weeks and her condition is such as to cause grave concern among her friends and kindred.

George Roberts, of Sidewalk, attended the Power lecture here Thursday evening.... Miss Lilly Orr, of Grassley Lick, visited Mrs. C. M. Gilkey last week.... Miss Juliet French, of Mt. Sterling, visited Mrs. Mollee Talbot last week.—N. M. Town Advance.

The Immigration Evil.

The immigration of the past few years has added largely to the numbers of unemployed. A million represents the number of foreigners—Irishmen, Germans, Scandinavians, Poles, Russians, Italians and Hungarians—who immigrated to this country in 1892 and 1893. If they had not come, a million fewer people would have been out of work at the present time—in other words, there would have been no mass of starving people to be supported by charity in the large cities.

The people whom the generous are now called upon to feed, or to set at work on improvements which are not immediately necessary, are just the foreigners who thrust themselves into the country in the brief space of two years.

And the worst of the situation is that the flood of workers pouring into a glutted market continues to flow. Steamships are arriving daily at New York loaded with raw labor, though 67,000 workers are now reported by the police census to be idle in that city. We are at our wits' end to provide bread for the paupers we have, and yet we are swelling the number of hungry mouths instead of increasing the supply of bread. How long is such absurdity to endure?

Congress, by a brief enactment, has it in its power largely to check the prevailing business depression by simply closing the national door to foreign immigration. The mere suggestion of such a measure would impart tone to the labor market.—Chicago Ledger.

WHAT DO YOU take medicine for? Because you want to get well, or keep well, of course. Remember **Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures**



Mr. B. E. Thomas
Evansville, West Va.

A Narrow Escape

From Loss of a Limb

Dreadful Case of White Swelling

A Perfect Cure.

One of the most terrible forms of swelling, and one of the most difficult to cure, is that of white swelling. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished many wonderful cures of white swelling, one of which is related below by Mr. B. E. Thomas, a merchant of horses, saddles, etc., at Maysville, W. Va. Read his letter:

"I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"In 1862 I was seized with a severe attack of white swelling, and my limb became so swollen that the flesh on my limb cut open and the bone scraped. After the flesh healed I was not troubled again until January, 1892. I was taken to Dr. W. H. Smith, of Maysville, who said my limb was affected with white swelling, and that he could not find any remedy for it. He sent me to Dr. John Makay, telling him to take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"The simple root of my leg from toe to ankle seemed to be gone.

Man of Corruption.

It could get but little ease and comfort from the medical treatment I received. Some of my friends advised me to have the leg amputated, but I did not do so. I cannot recommend it enough for the good it has done me."

B. E. THOMAS.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

what Hood's Sarsaparilla had done for his son. I enclose to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I bought six bottles of it about three months ago. I had a severe attack of white swelling, and was doing me more good than anything I had taken. I have had no trouble since taking the three bottles. The sores have all healed up and I am well again.

My Limb is Perfectly Sound.

It has also benefited my general health and am now able to work at trade. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done all the good as I cannot recommend it enough for the good it has done me."

B. E. THOMAS.

Hood's Pills cure liver disease, constipation, rheumatism, gout, sick headache, indigestion,

CORRESPONDENCE.

Indian Fields.

Why not organize our Sunday School now?

No sickness of any kind in the neighborhood.

Mrs. Rev. J. Ross is visiting Mrs. J. M. Hisle at this writing.

Rev. J. Ross preached at El Bethel Saturday and Sunday to a full house.

Our school school is being taught again by our "old" teacher G. C. Williams. This is the fifth school for him at this point.

El Bethel is to have a revival meeting beginning the middle of May. A Good time is expected.

A social given at Mr. M. H. Hisle's last week was the leading social event of the season, as well as the one given at Mr. J. N. Hisle's. The occasion was the reception of Rev. J. H. Williams and his bride.

PAUL.

Last Notice.

The tax books of the city of Mt. Sterling for 1893 have been placed in my hands. All unpaid taxes are long past due. The council demands that I make collections. Please do not force me to collect your taxes by a sale of property. I MUST settle with the council and you MUST pay. A word to the wise is sufficient.

CHARLES T. WILSON.

For Sale or Rent.

A nice cottage on West High street. Apply to

M. S. TYLER.

Buy the Evans two-horse corn planter. Have been used in the county over twenty years. Sold by Ed Mitchell.

37-3t

Landreth seeds, the best, at Julian's.

36-3t

Landreth seeds, the best, at Julian's.

36-3t

Headquarters for garden seeds, sets best in market.

36-3t

HOWE & JOHNSON.

You can buy a plow show worth \$1.25, at Greene, Clay & Chenault's, for 50 cents.

36-3t

Landreth seeds at Julian's.

36-3t

Landreth seeds at Julian's.

36-3t

Onion sets. Very fine at A. Baum & Son's.

36-3t

Landreth seeds at Julian's.

36

A HOTTENTOT FABLE.

The Lion once was ill. 'tis said,
And his wife the Hyena widely spread
All manner of fees for him to spread
Called on him in his suffering.
But one who knew the lion's woes
The Hyena's wife, she could go
Because, as far as he could learn,
The tracks which went did not return.

So him the Hyena accused
And the lion's wife, she refuted
Alons of every living thing
To feel his lordship's suffering.

Tren said the Lion: "If it so,
I was ill, but I am well now, I could go,
And, though you chase him here,
Bring the hard hearted Jackal here."

When this the Hyena had done,
The Lion to his guest began to say:
"O Jackal, why when I was ill,
Did you keep off so far and still?"

"I did not mean on my word,
For when your sores distended I heard,
Unto me the Hyena came to say,
To see what he could do for you.
Besides, I did not go in vain.
He took my skin, and I was stripped,
Him to his folds equipped,
The Jackal ran with all his might,
And very far he did go.
—Tren Boston in New York Ledger.

EARLY CIVILIZATION.

Light Thrown Upon the Manners and Customs of 3,400 Years Ago.

We have become possessed of certain very important indications as to the early civilization of Palestine by means of clay tablets. Now, the knowledge so attained is altogether new; or it conflicts with that which has deduced from yet earlier Egyptian records. It is well known to scholars that Thothmes I, when he defeated the league of Littites and the Phoenicians at Megiddo, in 1600 B.C. (a century before Amraphel III), succeeded in capturing the spoil which included the advanced civilization of Syria, including not only the precious metals and chariots painted and plated, but also objects of art having a high aesthetic value, and that he found corn, wine and oil abundant in the country and many hundreds of walled towns in which there were already temples of the gods.

Such evidence has, however, been slighted by those who regard the early Hebrews as savages, and who think that though placed in the very center of the ancient civilized world, between the Egyptians and the Assyrians, they were nevertheless unacquainted with many arts and manufactures by surrounding nations. The new discoveries insist on quite another understanding of their ancient history.

It is surely a lesson of humility that the modern student should learn from such discoveries. Voltaire was no doubt a writer of great originality and acumen, though from our present standpoint we may consider him a writer of fiction. He failed to believe that Homer's poems could have been written down before 500 B.C. and asserts that pyramids had not been invented in Egypt in the time of Moses, though we now possess in the maxims of Pith-hophet a manuscript as old as the pyramids.

We find, on the contrary, that not only the Egyptians, but also the Hebrews, had the art of writing known in the time of Moses, but that the inhabitants of Palestine also could pen a brick epistle, which in the space of a few inches contained as much information as can now be condensed into a sheet of note paper. Such letters were neither heavy nor bulky and could be easily carried in the folds of the shirt bosom just as easily as paper letters are now so carried, with the additional advantage that they were imperishable, as is witnessed by the fact that they are now being read 3,400 years after they were written.—Edinburgh Review.

Streets With Historic Names.

We do not regard the names of our streets as mere marks of political importance, but the country does otherwise. One of the first things a revolutionary government in France does is to rename thoroughfares. There is some show of reason for such innovations, for in these things there is among most European nations a system. A glance at the names of the streets of Paris is to learn the history of the country's history since the great revolution. Most celebrated French victories are commemorated in this way; most great generals and statesmen and a goodly number of men famed in arts and letters. We have, it is true, our Trafalgar square and our Waterloo bridge, but we look in vain for the names of American heroes in our streets. We have no muscular dukes for foreign names, and happily none great English victories were won on foreign soil.—London Daily News.

Wherever You Go.

We do not regard the names of our streets as mere marks of political importance, but the country does otherwise. One of the first things a revolutionary government in France does is to rename thoroughfares. There is some show of reason for such innovations, for in these things there is among most European nations a system. A glance at the names of the streets of Paris is to learn the history of the country's history since the great revolution. Most celebrated French victories are commemorated in this way; most great generals and statesmen and a goodly number of men famed in arts and letters. We have, it is true, our Trafalgar square and our Waterloo bridge, but we look in vain for the names of American heroes in our streets. We have no muscular dukes for foreign names, and happily none great English victories were won on foreign soil.—London Daily News.

Whence the Name.

The name of Seymour D. Thompson, judge of the St. Louis court of appeals, reads like a romance. Twenty-five years ago he was a lawyer in Memphis, and today he is the best known lawbook writer in the world and an author of books on law and other subjects. Wherever you go in England or America Thompson's law textbooks are a familiar sight. His prominent lawyer's table—St. Louis Chronicle.

Here's to your brother Thompson! We have, it is true, our Trafalgar square and our Waterloo bridge, but there the comparison ends. The \$25,000 yearly income has been diverted from us into another channel. We wondered where it had gone and are glad to find it in such worthy hands.—Greek Bag.

The Laundry of the Future.

The man who perambulates the streets nowadays with rips in his rainments and holes in his hose has no excuse for giving a employment to a laundry. The laundry is a part of a person's belongings to their regular business. Their sign reads conspicuously as follows: "We darn your shirts, mend your under wear, etc."

An Ancient Arrowhead.

While walking along the beach at Upper Nyack, not far from Hook Mountain, Master Charles Meissner picked up one of the prettiest specimens of an Indian arrowhead that he had ever found in these parts. It is of pure white quartz, well fashioned, and was doubtless dropped a couple of centuries ago by some redskin who paid a friendly or warlike visit to these parts. The tribes hereabouts, as our local collectors well know, used black flint entirely, and hence the white quartz specimen is rare. This specimen is now at this office and can be seen for a few days by interested parties.—Nyack City and County.

The Wisdom of Years.

Father—Your income is small, and that girl hasn't a penny in her own right.

Son—That's true, but she has lots of rich relatives who are sure to remember her.

Father—That's the trouble. They will visit you by the dozen, eat you out of house and home and outlive you both in the end.—New York World.

Having a French Kid.

We've got you a boy that will fit the little girrl'!" inquired a son of the green Isle of a dapper young clerk in a Washington street shop the other day.

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "We carry a full line for children's wear. Step this way, please. French kid?"

"No, go bally. She's Irish."—Boston Globe.

An Open Question.

An advertiser asks: "Has the man grown or the flannel shirt shrunk?" That depends upon which of them was washed.—Halio.

Spectrizations.

Spectrizations, or the green and blue and violet blues of which you can sit and talk in the twilight and hear visions and dream dreams, are not confined to just the copper salts and other fluids that wrecked timbers have in their veins. It is the "driftwood" of a scientific invention.

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mer. —New York Sun.

The Ages of Senators.

Senator Morgan of Alabama is 69, Senator Teller of Colorado is 63, Senator Hawley of Connecticut is 67, and his colleague, Orrville Platt, is 63. The two Georgia senators are both old timers. Colquitt, a brigadier in the southern army, is 69. Gordon, a major general in the same service, is 61. Voorhees of Indiana is 66. Allison, his colleague, is 66. Peffer of Kansas is 62, but his long whiskers exaggerate his years. Culmon of Illinois is 63, Frye of Maine is 62, Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts is 67; he went to congress for the first time in 1860. Stockbridge of Michigan is 67, Washburn of Minnesota is 62, George of Mississippi is 67, and Senator Walworth of Wisconsin is 63. Vane of Missouri is 66. McPherson of New Jersey is 61, Vance of North Carolina is 63, and Ransom, his colleague, is 67. Bent of Tennessee is 62, Roger Quarles Mills of Texas is 61; his colleague, Richard Cole, is 64. Proctor of Vermont is 62, and Cannon of West Virginia is 65.

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The finger nails are so influenced by the employment of the person that they are but unreliable indices. As a rule, however, those which are short and broad indicate a tendency to criticism and pugnacity and a disposition to argue with others. Persons who may be a tendency to mendaciousness, and the subject is perhaps fidgety and easily worried. Men with short nails are as a rule well, it is supposed that Xautippe's fingers were tipped in this manner. The good points of short nails are quickness of intellect and quickness of tact, and if the hand is in all other respects, the bad qualities will be "tuned down" and little will remain of their characteristic good natured irony. Long, curved nails belong to persons of a cruel disposition, but if simply narrow and delicate they indicate only delicacy of mind and fine firmness of character.—Boston Herald.

Paris' Oetric Duty.

The octroy duty, so familiar to all in Paris, is an import precisely similar in principle and practice to the customs of England of goods entering foreign countries. You pay the octroy for the day to visit a friend who has a charming garden in the suburbs, and he hospitably loads you on your deportment with new potatos, peas and fresh salad. When you reach Paris there is, whether you are a Protestant, personified by Anne Boleyn, springing out of the foul depths of the slime, or the Tarasca, which strictly means a serpent, and out of the back of this annual sprang a female figure intended for Anne Boleyn. This figure they called the "Anavolent" (Anne Boleyn, the "b" and "v" being interchanged in Spanish). The idea of the Anavolent, personified by Anne Boleyn, sprung out of the foul depths of the slime. The Tarasca is shown to the curious, with the Anavolent complete, in the hall of the "Gigantes," which is approached from the gallery round the cloisters of the cathedral, the most interesting one in Spain.—Notes and Queries.

A Japanese Town.

Even in so small a Japanese town as Atami, which has a population perhaps of 5,000, one comes upon many features of interest. For instance, a Japanese woman is seen strolling on a Buddhist temple on a wooden knoll right in the center of the town. There were magnificent pine and camphor trees about the temple, some of them 5 feet in diameter, and one side a cemetery crowded with headstones, before every one of which, though some of them must be very old, bears the sprig of a sacred scented tree, used for the purpose many hundreds of years and having a special meaning.—Boston Herald.

A Bad Temper.

"You say your wife gets mad and raises a row?" said Gus Do Smith to Pete Amsterdam.

"I should say she did." She makes enough fuss to run a train 40 miles an hour. That's the way she has been doing all her life."

"I know if you knew she was in the habit of getting mad, why did you marry her?"

"Because if I had held back she would have got madder than ever. I did it to pacify her, don't you see?"

—Texas民主.

Americans Newspapers.

In the United States today there are over 20,000 newspapers of different kinds being regularly issued. Great Britain has only 2,272. We Americans are a great nation of talkers and like to air our opinions publicly.—John Irving Romer's Lecture.

Having Fun After Death.

A humorist in Japan who jests about the dead, says: "I wonder what they think that his body won't be washed at once, the family temple to be cremated. When he died, his instructions were followed. As soon as it was set on fire the mourners were astonished by several loud explosions. At first they were inclined to take it as the heels, but curiosity got the better of them. A careful inspection showed that the humorist had stowed away a large number of firecrackers about his person before death.—Toronto Mail.

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THE ADVOCATE

COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Announcements for county offices, \$5 each to accompany the order. Communications in the interest of candidates, 10 cents per line.

SHELFIE.

We are authorized to announce Richard H. Hunt as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wm. Sledd as a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. C. Gillispie a candidate for Sheriff of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce Joe C. Turley as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Joseph M. Smith as candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. M. Leach as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. M. Best as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

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We are authorized to announce Robert Fletcher as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce A. A. Hazelrigg as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce J. Coleman Reid as a candidate for County Attorney of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

ASSISTANT.

We are authorized to announce Albert S. Bridges as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce Charles H. Jones as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce John W. Cockrell as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery County subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Ed. E. Williams as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce G. Allen McCormick as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Jno. E. Groves as a candidate for Assessor of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce Lucien B. Greene as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce George A. Whitney as a candidate for County Clerk of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

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COURT JUDGE.

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We are authorized to announce Wallace A. De Haven as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Henry M. Kuykendall as a candidate for County Judge of Montgomery county. He submits his claims to the action of the Democratic party.

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NOW READY.

Short Papers for the People.

A book containing 569 large octavo pages of useful and interesting matter, elegantly bound in cloth and gold, honored by a letter of our Holy Father, the Pope, commanded by His Eminence, Cardinal Newman, and by very many distinguished bishops, priests, laymen of the church in America. Bound in cloth and gold, \$2. Bound in paper, \$1. Free by mail to any part of the United States.

SOME OF THE SUBJECT TREATED OF.

That Christ founded a church, and that it is identical with the Roman Catholic Church of to-day; provided, in seventeen essays.

The heresies of the first century, including the celebrated contest between the fall of Simon Magus, in presence of the emperor and of many thousand spectators in Rome; discussed in seven essays.

What the Millennium is, and how the idea of it first started; in two essays.

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The life and times of the Apostle St. Paul described; in eighteen essays.

Magic, or the Black Art, including revelations made by the dead charms, enchantments, apparitions of the dead of God, of the angels and of Satan; fortune telling; ancient pagan oracles; concerning dreams; concerning demoniacal possessions and animal magnetism, in fourteen essays.

On the subject of miracles, in five essays.

Concerning hell, its location, what punishments are there endured whether those will be everlasting; the poetical hell of Dante; also concerning purgatory and the condition of infants who depart this life unbaptized, in ten essays.

The resurrection of the body proved; the character and quality it will possess after having arisen; whether negroes will be black and Indians red; what age infants will arise; whether giants and dwarfs will then appear as they were on earth; in two essays. Bird's eye view of all the general councils; in five essays.

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Concerning the Church of the twelve farmers, and whether one who has studied the Bible and thinks he understands it, may lawfully call himself a minister of the gospel; in five essays.

The indefiniteness and infallibility of the Church, including reasons for using sacred vestments and the Latin language in the public worship; description of a Methodist camp-meeting by an eye witness, and a dissertation on the infallibility of the Pope; in twelve essays.

Address Rev. Thomas C. Moore, D. D., Holy Cross, Kan. 23-tt

Missing Word Contest.

Supply the missing word in the following sentence:

"In society the all absorbing topic in England during the quarter was the Prince of Wales and the — affair."

One-fourth of the net subscription receipts of those entering the contest will be divided among those who supply the correct word in the blank in the above sentence. Thus, if there are \$5,000, one-fourth would be \$1,250. If ten supply the correct word each would receive \$125, if 100, each \$12.50 etc.

Both of the above contests free and in addition to Two Papers for about the price of one.

The Weekly Constitution has a circulation of 156,000, and is the people's paper. It favors Tariff Reform, an individual income tax, and the Expansion of the Currency to a degree sufficient to meet the legitimate business demands of the country.

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"Barkers by this in forest."

The man with kidney disease may first apply for relief from dryness or skin eruption, or from the kidney disease, or from the weakness in the first instance, but the disease will affect the eyes, or moth on the face. People often find themselves in the situation so frequently that they do not know what to do. Dr. John A. Lloyd, Mississ., the wit of the sit Congress, has written a well-known rhyme "lefty" on the floor of the House of Representatives.

"Lefty" Wrote right the post office And Levins ran the bar.

While baby runs the White House And lefty runs the bar.

Well, it's so with the afflicted. To avoid these things, Dr. F. D. Nichols, the Rev. A. J. Meany, and later Dr. George City, Pa., Apr. 4, 1863, writes: "For 25 years I suffered with kidney difficulty and used only 3 days, averaging 10 hours a day, to cure it. I had less backache in the last 10 years than I formerly had in 10 minutes. I feed upon the green vegetables of the garden, and take no medicine. Take home a bottle to-day. It means happiness and prolonged life."

AND LEVINS ran the bar.

Lefty Wrote right the post office

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THE ADVOCATE.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP.

The stock barn of Mr. H. A. Rogers was destroyed by fire Monday morning. Loss about \$2,000, covered by insurance.... W. M. Jones sold last week 47 hogs, weighing 126 lbs., for \$4.50.... K. P. Moore bought 35 feeders last week at 3¢ cents.—N. M. Town Advance.

Reports from the fruit growing sections of New York say that in the main trees and vines wintered well, and that for the most part the recent cold weather damaged only the peach crop.

Sales of lots of lambs at three dollars and a half per head. Guessed off at from 70 to 80 pounds.... Rodd & Bro. are buying stock hogs at \$4.50 per hundred.... A good demand for horses and mules for farming purposes, and good saddlers in active demand at from \$125 to \$200.... Rodd & Bro. bought of George Pew of Scott, fourteen head of butcher cattle, at 42 cents.

Mr. Robert Prewitt, near Athens, sold to Ed Browning, Jr., of Pinegrove a farm of one hundred and seven acres at \$70 per acre. It is good land and in a good neighborhood.—Lexington Gazette.

A Wrong Impression.

The news that the Prince of Wales appeared recently in evening dress in a coat which was the color of claret, says the New York Sun, has had a remarkable effect upon the large contingent of men to whom the vagaries of fashion are of absorbing moment. The theory that the Prince of Wales is the leader of fashion in England, prevails only in America. He is a short, pudgy, little man, with nothing attractive in figure, and he is exceedingly conservative in his attire at all times. None of the oddities of fashion which occasionally gain a momentary sway over the London swells, is followed by the Prince of Wales.

If he has any influence at all it is of a conservative and restrictive nature. The men who lead the fashion are very well known to the London tailors, who bid eagerly for the privilege of dressing them. There are a dozen or more of these dandies in the Guards Club, and they are mostly military officers of rank; though not, as a rule, men of title. Each one has a certain following in the other clubs, and the band of well-dressed men who may be seen any day going along Pall Mall from one club to another so closely resemble their leader that any one of them could pose as a model for the tailor. A London authority in these matters compiled a list once in the Referee, which is distinctively a sporting paper, read by "noblemen and gentlemen" on Sunday mornings, of the men whose influence practically guided the London world of fashion. There are upwards of ninety names on that list. These men, who dress precisely alike, have undoubtedly given the keynote to the tailor. About the time light frock coats and hats achieved great prominence among sporting personages the entire racing contingent of swells from the London clubs turned up on the first day of Ascot dressed in black frock coats, black hats and dark trousers. Their attire was precisely similar to that of the regulation dress of the loungers in Hyde Park in the afternoon. All the outsiders wore racing clothes of the latest pattern. This one display of somber attire by the actual leaders, however, killed the fashion of light racing clothes for all time. It is said that the Prince of Wales wore a snuff colored frock suit that day, the swells having failed to notice him of their sudden change of front. This would seem to dispose of the idea that the Prince of Wales leads the fashion in Great Britain.

Be Keeping For Farmers.

Every farmer ought to secure a few hives of bees and increase them as much as possible. They are laborers for which no wages are required, and they board themselves with occasional assistance from their owner when he has drawn too freely from their stores. Each swarm should be doubled every year, and a few stands taken care of quickly develop into a large colony. The chief danger is from the moth, but watchfulness will enable the bees to keep clear of this pest. If you are afraid of stings get some colonies of Italians, as they are less likely to be touchy. But if treated well, bees do not, as in most cases the stinger is left in the flesh and is therefore broken off from the bee's body, making its death certain.

HORSE AND TRACK.

C. W. Williams is jogging Allerton, 2:02, at eight of his get.

Marcus Daily has nearly \$1,000,000 invested in trotters and thoroughbreds.

Margaret S., 2:12½, is being educated to pace and bid fair to go fast at that gait.

The yearling brother of Coastman, 2:08½, and Coast Boy, 2:14½, is a natural trotter.

Hai Pointer, 2:04½, will be given a chance to bring his 2:30 winning heats up to 100. He now has 98.

Joe Conroy is absolutely making the best harness ever put up in this section. Buy them.

Monsieur Perdran, of France, is in Kentucky looking for some well-bred ponies to take across the ocean.

C. J. Hanfill breeds many fillies at two years old, and has brood mares seven years old that are grandmothers.

There is a two-year-old filly by Dexter Prince, dam a sister of Saladin, 2:05½, in California that can pace a 2:20 gait.

Pansy McGregor, in her yearling form, won eleven heats in better than 2:50, eight better than 2:40 and five better than 2:30.

Manager, 2:06½, is pronounced in better shape than ever before so early in the year and likely to still further reduce his record.

Starlight 2:16½ by Electoneer, out of Sally Benton, 2:18½, will be bred to the thoroughbred imported stallion Meddler this spring.

Mr. Forbes has not yet determined what course he will pursue with Arion this season. He says he is in great form and can show a 2:00 clip.

A few days ago an experienced trainer stated that he had yet to find a colt broken to lead that proved balky when put in harness.—Sportsman.

John Goldsmith will campaign Hazel Wilkes, 2:11½, the daughter of Guy Wilkes, that Walter Hobart bought at the San Mateo sale for \$6000.

There is no demand for brood mares at the present time. It will pay a man better to keep them until they wear their foals and shape them up for road work.

H. D. Van Wight, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has bought of C. C. Harris, of Lexington, Ky., and Willse Dunn, of Danville, Ky., a pair of fine geldings for \$1,800.

R. Cray, Potsdam, N. Y., has sold to M. Dwyer Buffalo, N. Y., the trotting stallion Starlight 2:16 by Belwood, dam Lucy Plum by Breyer, for \$4,000.

James B. Green has decided to start Saladin, 2:05½, in the free-for-all pacing classes on the Grand Circuit this year. Green will also campaign Linkwood Patchen 2:12½ and others.

Mr. B. J. Treacy has leased for the season of 1894 from Mr. A. S. Bowman, assignee of Miss Nannie Smith, the stallion, May King, 2:21½, by Electoneer, dam May Queen, 2:20, by Norman 25.

As soon as times improve the foreign market for trotters will get stronger. The Europeans are willing to buy, but they want first-class goods, and if anything do not care to pay as much as the American purchaser.

Captain Griffiths, the owner of Flying Jib, 2:04, has just purchased a sister to Monroe Salisbury's fast horse Don Lowell, 2:20½. Like Flying Jib and White Cap, this latest addition to Captain Griffith's stable will carry a racing name, as she has been christened Scud.

Before insuring your life see the old Phenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Connecticut. No company writes a policy possessing so many advantages as does that of the Phenix. Loans, cash, extended insurance and paid up values are written and guaranteed in the policy. Dividends are paid yearly and if used to decrease the payments, the cash is less each year. J. G. & R. H. Winn, the well-known insurance men are agents for the Phenix. Don't fail to see them.

33-4t

Do U-u-u

Fertilizers on your farm? If not, why not? Call and get some documents that will aid in making farming profitable.

CHILES, THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

Go to Mitchell and get his greatly reduced prices on Queenseed before buying elsewhere.

37-2t

Information, etc. W. C. RINEHORN, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

36-4t

Plow shoes, good ones, worth \$1.50 for 50 cents, at

GREENE, CLAY & CHENAULT'S.

36-2t

Orchard, Lawn, Garden.

GUTHRIE & WATSON,
LEXINGTON, KY.

18, 20 and 22
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Dry Goods,
Millinery,
Dress
Making.Choice Display of Black
SILKS, Satins, Drapery, Pol. d. Silks,
Gros Graine, Colored Silks,
Hemp, Linen, Cotton, Organza and Fancy Weaves—every
style known to the manufacturer's art.

Figured and Plain
Silks from China, Quaint De-
signs from Japan, stripes and
bands, gauze, gimp, lace, etc.,
for Gowns and Shirts.

Our Dress Fabrics, the latest
improved.

We are now displaying
fabrics in silk and wool mixtures,
pin checks, changes and novelties,
etc., and we have a good and
desirable dress materials at such
reasonable prices.

ZEPHYR GINGHAMs
and High-Art Novelties in Wash
and Organdie.

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The best that can be bought.

OUR STOCK

Attractive and complete.

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DEPARTMENT.

Specialties from Paris,
London and New York.

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Linens, Household, Underwear and
Corsets. Some bargains in Children's Hosiery at 15¢.

Miscellaneous.

Hand-finished French Embroidery.
Jewelry's Celebrated Kid Gloves, new shades and soft negligees, etc.,
etc. Many novel and attractive articles that cannot be found elsewhere.

Guthrie & Watson,

18, 20, 22, N. Upper St., opp. Court House,

Lexington, Ky.

Samples furnished on application
Special attention given to mail
orders.

HEADLEY &
WITHERS,

Wholesale Jobbers.

SELL CHEAP FOR CASH

Cured Meats of all kinds, Ham, Bacon, Lard, Bologna Sausage, and the Finest Florida Oranges.

Will Pay Cash or Sell
on Commission

Eggs, Chickens, Ducks, Butter
and All Country Produce.

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Opposite Market House,
Lexington, Ky.

This firm is reliable and responsible.

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